

# Climate Governance Study 2024

AUSTRALIAN MARKET SNAPSHOT

MARCH 2024

**In 2024, Australian directors are intensifying their focus on climate change, yet organisations face growing challenges in executing their strategies.**

This snapshot sets out the key findings of the **Climate Governance Study 2024: Moving from vision to action**, including insights into emerging better governance practice and recommendations for Australian directors. The report builds on a survey of 1,057 AICD members, along with interviews and group consultations with 24 senior non-executive directors.

## #1 AUSTRALIAN DIRECTORS CONTINUE TO PRIORITISE CLIMATE GOVERNANCE

- 80% are concerned about climate change as a material risk
- 60% of directors want their boards to pay more attention to climate governance
- 50% see nature and biodiversity as a material risk to their organisations

Emerging better practice: Strategy	Recommendations for directors
<p><b>Champion long-term outcomes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Leading directors are prosecuting long-term strategy, often in the face of short-term pressures from some investors and executives.</li> </ul> <p><b>Look for opportunity not just risk:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The net zero transition being seen as a strategic opportunity not just a risk to BAU.</li> </ul> <p><b>Focus on both climate and nature:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nature is considered holistically with climate – not a siloed topic on the fringes.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Have a clear and shared understanding at board and executive level of the level of realistic climate ambition, and over what periods.</li> <li>• Embed climate change considerations into the company's strategy, risk management framework, performance/pay structures and workforce planning.</li> <li>• Consider interconnectedness between climate and other sustainability topics such as nature and biodiversity.</li> </ul>

## #2 MOVING FROM CLIMATE AMBITION TO EXECUTION IS A GROWING CHALLENGE

- 43% listed and a quarter of unlisted companies have a transition plan and targets
- 32% of directors, rising to 35% of listed directors, are on boards that have reconsidered their organisational strategy in response to climate risk and opportunity

Emerging better practice: Execution	Recommendations for directors
<p><b>Whole of organisation approach to climate:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Socialise and embed your transition approach across the business.</li> <li>• Ensure the CFO is centrally involved in climate risk and opportunity analysis, transition planning, and reporting.</li> <li>• Climate goals are embedded into executive pay and performance frameworks.</li> </ul> <p><b>Credible, evidence-based transition plans:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Grounded in the latest climate science and robust scenario analysis.</li> <li>• Externally validated by bodies such as the Science Based Targets Initiative (SBTi).</li> <li>• Clear articulation of assumptions, contingencies and dependencies to avoid greenwashing accusations.</li> <li>• Scrutinised by external assurance providers.</li> <li>• Regular review and tracking of progress.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Develop credible, science-based climate transition plans that are embedded at an organisational, and ideally asset, level.</li> <li>• Adopt a strategic mindset focused on maintaining competitiveness in a decarbonised economy, rather than a compliance driven approach.</li> <li>• Foster climate change skills and competency across the business, including at board level.</li> </ul>

## #3 STAKEHOLDERS ARE PULLING IN DIFFERENT DIRECTIONS

- 24% of directors rising to 35% of listed directors experience short-term financial demands from investors and shareholders as a barrier to climate governance
- Listed directors (53% up from 37% in 2021) experience growing regulatory pressure

Emerging better practice: Stakeholders	Recommendations for directors
<p><b>Build a business case and an implementation plan:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Build a strong and codified business case for transition, which is well understood by the full executive team.</li> <li>• Embed climate in standard company investment decision-making processes across the business.</li> </ul> <p><b>Clear communication of transition costs and investment required:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clear and consistent messages to stakeholders on short term versus long term trade-offs.</li> <li>• Seek key investor and stakeholder support for plans.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Build a strong, commercial and codified case for transition.</li> <li>• Establish regular engagement with stakeholders, including understanding the range of perspectives and interests.</li> <li>• Clear communication with internal and external stakeholders.</li> </ul>

## #4 POLICY AND REGULATION ARE A DRIVER AND DRAG ON CLIMATE TRANSITIONS

- 42% of directors cite Australian policy uncertainty as the top barrier, consistent with 2021
- 72% of directors expected to be subject to mandatory climate reporting, feel ‘somewhat’ or ‘well’ prepared

Emerging better practice: Regulation	Recommendations for directors
<p><b>Build industry coalitions:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Collaborate and share understanding and capability across value chains and industries within legal constraints.</li> </ul> <p><b>Use mandatory climate reporting as a platform:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• New regime is a catalyst to re-assess organisational climate strategy and level of ambition.</li> <li>• Take a strategic rather than compliance-based focus, while managing liability risks.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continue to build and extend understanding of the climate policy landscape for the company. Do this actively, as policy is evolving rapidly.</li> <li>• Actively work to understand reporting obligations, and constructively challenge management implementation plans.</li> <li>• Explore external assurance/validation options to provide greater confidence in organisation plans and limit liability exposure from reporting.</li> </ul>

## #5 BOARD APPROACHES TO CLIMATE CHANGE CONTINUE TO EVOLVE

- 26% are on boards that have invested in formal climate education, up from 18% in 2021
- 45% are confident in their board’s competence on the topic, down from 46%; confidence has fallen for listed directors compared to 2021 (63% to 51%).

Emerging better practice: Governance	Recommendations for directors
<p><b>Elevate governance focus:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Boards are reviewing existing governance structures and processes to ensure that they are fit for purpose.</li> <li>• Beyond the sustainability committee, directors are holding joint meetings with other relevant board committees.</li> <li>• Climate and sustainability are now part of the regular calendar for many boards.</li> <li>• Organisations are investing in board and senior executive climate upskilling and briefings with experts.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Holistically consider the adequacy of climate governance approaches including use of existing board and committee structures. ‘Set and forget’ won’t work.</li> <li>• Periodically undertake a robust assessment of the board’s climate and transition skills.</li> <li>• Invest in climate change capability across the business, including at board level.</li> <li>• Ensure alignment between executive pay and incentive structures and the organisation’s climate and broader sustainability goals.</li> <li>• Actively consider the overlap between other sustainability issues and climate, including in governance frameworks.</li> </ul>



[Read the full Climate Governance Study 2024 here.](#)

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For more information

T: 1300 739 119

E: [policy@aicd.com.au](mailto:policy@aicd.com.au)



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