Australian Institute of Company Directors

Annual Review 2019

Financial Report

ABN 11 008 484 197



FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

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Directors' Report

The Board of the Australian Institute of Company Directors[®] (AICD[®]) present their report together with the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2019.

Directors

The names of directors in office during the financial year or as at the date of this report are in Note 16.

Principal Activities

In July 2018, the AICD launched a new Vision: Strengthening society through world-class governance.

We have set out to be the independent and trusted voice of governance, building the capability of a community of leaders for the benefit of society.

With nearly 45,000 members, one strength of the AICD is the diversity of our community. From charities, to schools, sporting teams, small business and large listed companies we truly represent the diversity of Australia's community.

Our diverse membership has in common three core objectives: to become better individual directors; to better understand their obligations and responsibilities as directors; and to improve the governance capability of their organisation.

We deliver against these three objectives through professional development and education programs including the Company Directors Course; through seminars and events including our Annual Governance Summit; through publications on director and governance issues including the Company Director Magazine; by advocating for sound policies that will strengthen society through better economic outcomes, and by promoting debate on core governance issues that will increase transparency and trust in society..

During the financial year there was no significant change in the nature of those activities.

Review of Operations

During the 2019 financial year, the AICD continued to deliver outcomes supporting its vision of strengthening society through world-class governance. These outcomes included:

- Launching the AICD's revised NFP Good Governance Principles, a comprehensive update of good governance principles and guidance for NFP boards and organisations, supported by resources and tools;
- Releasing AICD's annual NFP Governance & Performance Study, which is the largest survey of its kind in Australia providing insights to NFP governance opportunities and challenges, informing practice and policy with over 2,000 respondents;
- Offering AICD Chair's Mentoring Program, underpinning our commitment to promoting gender diversity by connecting experienced, board-ready women with experienced ASX 200 Chairs and Directors as mentors;

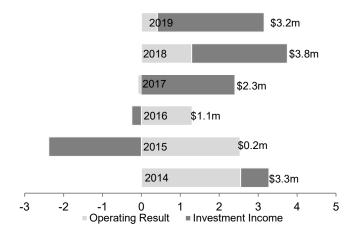
- Contributing to governance reform and debate including through the Financial Services Royal Commission with member consultation, updates and national roadshows;
- Delivering governance education courses and webinars to over 44,000 registrants. Within that activity, specific programs targeting social impact including Governance Foundations for Not-for-Profit Directors, Governing to Protect Vulnerable People and Governance for Boards in the Aged Care Sector.
- Offering complimentary Essential Director Update member events, attracting 8,380 participants across the country;
- Increased funding of Not-for-Profit and regional director scholarships to \$0.4m for directors to improve their skills and capabilities;
- Aggregate discounts of \$0.9m across membership services, events and education products and services;
- Progressing the diversity agenda with the number of ASX 200 board positions held by women increasing to 29.7% (2018: 27.9%);
- Enhancing governance outcomes within indigenous communities through courses including Indigenous Business Leaders and the recently updated Foundations of Directorship for Indigenous Organisations; and
- Delivering on our mission beyond the borders of Australia. The International team has worked with government agencies in locations such as Fiji and Papua New Guinea to enhance governance standards and improve accountability.

Financial Results

In accordance with its strategy, during the 2019 financial year, the AICD generated a surplus to be reinvested towards:

- Advancing the AICD mission:
- Increasing and improving services to its members; and
- Setting aside additional reserves for ongoing sustainability.

The AICD's surplus for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 was \$3.2m (2018: surplus \$3.8m).



The operating result before investment income for the financial year was a surplus of \$0.4m (2018: \$1.3m surplus).

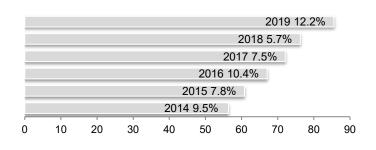
Directors' Report

Net income from investments for the year was \$2.7m (2018: \$2.5m).

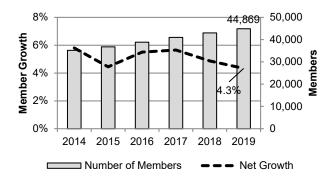
Operating Revenue

Operating revenue (which excludes income from investments) increased by 12.2% (2018: 5.7%) over the 2019 financial year to \$85.6m (2018: \$76.3m).

Operating Revenue (\$m - annual growth %)



Contributing to the overall increase in revenue was a 4.3% growth in membership to 44,869 (2018: 43,005).



Revenue from education and consulting services increased by 11.4% (2018: 5.1%) for the year with growth being delivered across both domestic and international channels.

Attendance at our annual conference in Sydney was a record high at 1,461 (2018: 1,057) and we increased the number of attendees at events and conferences to 36,367 (2018: 32,875).

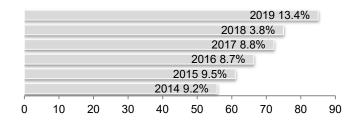
Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased 13.4% from last financial year (2018: 3.8%) and included activities to grow and increase member services including:

- Sydney office relocation providing improved services for members via member lounge facilities;
- Investment in technology services delivering auto-renewal capability for members, improved online registration processes and completion of needs based review of the website user experience;

- Increased number of attendees at member events, most notably AGS where attendance was increased by 38% on prior year; and
- Uplift in education delivery expenses due to increased volume of courses delivered, 11% on prior year.
- Impairment charge included of \$0.6m related to existing website, current planning indicates new website to be delivered prior to June 30, 2020.

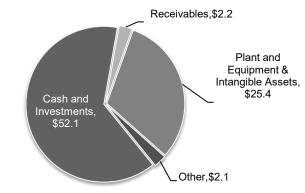
Operating Expenses (excluding restructuring costs) (\$m – annual growth %)



Review of Financial Condition

Members' Funds increased from \$26.0m to \$29.2m during the year ended 30 June 2019.





Cash and Investments total \$52.1m (2018: \$43.6m) of which \$35.2m (2018: \$28.8m) is invested in Mercer public funds in accordance with the Investment Policy approved by the Board.

Plant and Equipment & Intangible Assets total of \$25.4m (2018: \$14.4m) includes the investment in the new Sydney office.

Cash and Investments (\$m)

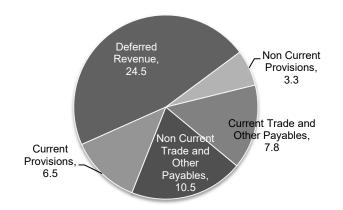
	2019	52.1
2018 43.6		
2017 41.7		
2016 40.5		
2015 39.9		
2014 39.9		
35	45	55

Directors' Report

operating activities and positive fair value movements and distributions of \$2.5m.

The Investment Policy sets out the risk and return expectations over a defined investment period.

Liabilities (\$m)



Deferred Revenue represents annual membership fees amortised over 12 months and pre-paid courses and events. There was an increase of \$1.0m over the financial year due to growth in membership.

Current Other Provisions increased by \$2.2m as a result of the short term incentive provision for all qualifying staff.

Non-Current Trade and Other Payables increased by \$7.4m due to the lease incentive associated with the new Sydney Office.

Reserves Policy

The AICD has a Reserves Policy which provides a framework to set aside sufficient financial reserves in order to:

- Protect and safeguard assets;
- Meet liabilities as they fall due;
- Provide resilience and capacity to manage unforeseen financial difficulties; and
- Deliver against the strategic mission and aspirations.

The following principles apply in determining the target level of reserves:

- The growth of the target level of reserves should always exceed zero in any whole financial year unless the reserve is used to fund material undertakings as set out in the strategic plan and approved by the Board;
- The target level of reserves should never fall below 25% of the annual forecast operating expenses; and
- The goal is to maintain reserves between 25%-50% of annual forecast operating expenses.

At 30 June 2019, the value of reserves as a percentage of operating expenses was 34.3%.

The AICD does not subscribe to any debt instruments to support its funding requirements.

The AICD is a company limited by guarantee and no dividends are payable.

Members' guarantee

The AICD is a company limited by guarantee. In the event of, and for the purpose of winding up of the company, the amount capable of being called up from each member and any person who ceased to be a member in the year prior to the winding up, is limited to \$20, subject to the provisions of the company's constitution.

At 30 June 2019 the collective liability of members was \$897,380 (2018: \$860,100).

Rounding

The company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors Reports) Instrument 2016/191 and in accordance with that Instrument, amounts in the financial report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000).

Significant Changes in State of Affairs

During the financial year there was no significant change in the state of affairs of the company.

Significant Events after Year End

There has not been any matter or circumstance that has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the company in subsequent financial years.

Likely Developments and Future Results

There are no likely developments in the operations of the company which would affect the results of future operations.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

During the financial year, the company paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring the directors of the company, the company secretary and all executive officers of the company and of any related body corporate against a liability incurred by such a director, secretary or executive officer to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001.

The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

Directors' Report

Directors' and Officers' Remuneration

The non-executive directors of the company are appointed on an honorary basis and as a result do not receive any remuneration, either directly or indirectly, in their capacity as a director from the company or any related party. The MD & CEO is appointed by the Board as an executive director and is remunerated as an employee of the company as set out in Note 16 to the Financial Statements.

No director can hold an interest in the company as it is a company limited by guarantee. Each director, being a member, is liable to the extent of the guarantee given under the company's Constitution. No director of the company has received or become entitled to receive a benefit during or since the end of the financial year because of a contract that the director or a firm of which the director is a member, or an entity in which the director has a substantial financial interest made with the company, or an entity that the company controlled, or a body corporate that was related to the company when the contract was made or when the director received or became entitled to receive a benefit.

The policy governing staff and senior executive remuneration is reviewed and approved by the AICD's Human Resources and Remuneration Committee and the Board. Remuneration is determined as part of an annual performance review, having regard to market factors and a performance evaluation process. For executive officers, remuneration packages generally comprise salary, a performance-based bonus and superannuation.

Directors' Report

Meeting Attendances

The meeting attendance by directors during the year 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019 is noted below.

Director	Board	AFIC	HRRC	NMC	Noms	RACC
Ms Elizabeth Proust AO FAICD	3 of 3*		1 of 1^		1 of 1*	
Mr John Atkin FAICD	3 of 3**	2 of 2^	3 of 3^	1 of 1^	2 of 2**	3 of 3^
Mr Gene Tilbrook FAICD	5 of 6	1 of 1^	1 of 1^		1 of 2	6 of 6*
Mr David Bayes FAICD	6 of 6	4 of 4	5 of 5*	2 of 2*	1 of 1	
Mr Michael Coleman FAICD	6 of 6	4 of 4*		2 of 2		
Ms Naomi Edwards FAICD	5 of 5	2 of 2				
Ms Kathy Gramp FAICD	6 of 6	4 of 4	4 of 5			
Ms Tracey Horton AO FAICD	6 of 6		4 of 5			
Dr Sally Pitkin FAICD	4 of 6	1 of 1^			1 of 3	0 of 1
Ms Roderick Roberts FAICD	1 of 1					1 of 1
Ms Nicola Wakefield Evans FAICD	5 of 6					5 of 6
Ms Liesel Wett FAICD	6 of 6		5 of 5			
Mr Kee Wong FAICD	6 of 6	1 of 2		2 of 2		5 of 5
Mr Angus Armour FAICD	6 of 6	4 of 4	5 of 5	2 of 2	2 of 2	6 of 6

*Denotes the Chair of the Board or relevant Committee Chair as the case may be.

**Denotes the incoming Chair, commencing 29 November 2018.

^ Denotes attended as a guest, not as a member of the committee.

AFIC – Audit, Finance and Investment Committee

HRRC – Human Resource and Remuneration Committee

Noms – Nominations & Governance Committee

NMC – National Membership Committee

RACC – Risk and Compliance Committee

Directors' Report

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The directors received the independence declaration from the AICD's auditor. The independence declaration forms part of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2019 and is located on the page following the Directors' Report.

Non-Audit Services

The AICD received revenue from sponsorship of events from KPMG of \$127,750. The AICD's auditor, KPMG, provided non-audit services primarily in relation to a 3 year strategic internal audit plan and legal services which totalled \$30,426 during the current financial year. The directors are satisfied that the receipt of sponsorship and the provision of non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors and auditor independence requirements imposed by the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act 2012.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

John FAICD Chair ugust 2019

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Angus Armour FAICD Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer



Auditor's Independence Declaration under subdivision 60-C section 60-40 of Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012

To: the directors of the Australian Institute of Company Directors

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KAMG

KPMG

Athan Frons

Anthony Travers *Partner*

Sydney 29 August 2019

Corporate Governance Information

Governance of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD) is founded on the AICD's Constitution, By-laws and Charters.

The AICD is dedicated to making a difference to the quality of directorship and seeks to promote excellence in governance. As such, we are committed to ensuring that we lead by example in how our organisation is governed.

The Board

The Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the AICD. Its powers are referred to in the AICD's Constitution. The objectives and responsibilities of the Board are set out in the Board Charter. The Board Charter is reviewed annually by the Board. The adoption of any proposed changes to the Constitution is subject to the approval of the membership at a general meeting. The Constitution and the Board Charter are available on the AICD's website: aicd.companydirectors.com.au.

Board Committees

To improve its efficiency and effectiveness, the Board has established an Audit, Finance and Investment Committee, a Risk and Compliance Committee, a Human Resources and Remuneration Committee, a Nominations & Governance Committee and a National Membership Committee.

In addition, the AICD is advised on policy matters by several advisory committees of senior practising directors (including a member of the Board) and technical experts. The Board approves the Terms of Reference of these committees and periodically reviews their membership.

Division Councils

There are seven Division Councils. Each Division Council has between five and ten members. Each Council elects a President. The rules for election and retirement of Division Council members are set out in the By-laws, which are available on the AICD's website: aicd.companydirectors.com.au.

Division Councils are advisory in nature and perform the following functions as delegated to them by the Board:

- 1) Advise the Board and MD & CEO on:
 - a) Policy matters affecting the role of directors;
 - b) Membership matters; and
 - c) The strategy and policies of the AICD and management issues that may arise from time to time;
- 2) Consider applications for membership and membership upgrades for the relevant Division;
- Represent the views and aspirations of the AICD in the Division's state or territory and develop relationships with leaders in directorship, regulation and politics who reside, or are active in the relevant state or territory; and
- 4) Support the State Manager with regard to advice on:a) Events;
 - b) Member services, member recruitment and retention and member grade matters; and
 - c) The general conduct of the Division, including education programs and Director Professional Development.

The State Managers' reporting line is through the General Manager, Members & Clients to the CEO. The Division Council Charter is available on the AICD's website: aicd.companydirectors.com.au.

The AICD's Corporate Governance Statement is publicly available on the AICD website: aicd.companydirectors.com.au.

Refer to the AICD website: aicd.companydirectors.com.au for further information on policies that have been approved and adopted by the Board.

A description of the AICD's operations and its principal activities are included in the Directors Report on pages 4 to 9.

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2019	Note	2019 \$'000	2018 \$′000
Operating Revenue	4	85,556	76,254
Operating Expenses			
Education and events		(36,058)	(31,502)
Membership		(19,004)	(16,743)
Publishing		(3,356)	(2,995)
Grants and donations		(12)	(13)
Administration		(25,960)	(22,687)
Strategic initiatives		(756)	(1,024)
Total expenses		(85,146)	(74,964)
Results from operating activities		410	1,290
Finance income	6	2,746	2,461
Finance costs	6	-	-
Net finance income	6	2,746	2,461
Surplus for the year		3,156	3,751
Total comprehensive income for the year		3,156	3,751

Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2019	Note	2019 \$′000	2018 \$′000
		φ 000	\$ 000
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	16,846	14,968
Trade and other receivables	8	2,235	2,762
Prepayments		2,136	1,919
Total current assets		21,217	19,649
Non-current assets			
Plant and equipment	9	19,369	8,494
Intangible assets	10	6,049	5,868
Financial assets	11	35,241	28,779
Total non-current assets		60,659	43,141
Total assets		81,876	62,790
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		7,839	4,620
Employee benefits provisions	5	6,465	3,369
Other provisions	12	-	898
Deferred revenue	13	24,525	23,534
Total current liabilities		38,829	32,421
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		10,543	3,101
Employee benefits provisions	5	463	308
Other provisions	12	2,870	945
Total non-current liabilities		13,876	4,354
Total liabilities		52,705	36,775
Net assets		29,171	26,015
Members' funds			
Retained surpluses	<u> </u>	29,171	26,015
Total members' funds		29,171	26,015

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2019	Note	2019 \$′000	2018 \$′000
Opening members' funds		26,015	22,264
Total comprehensive income for the year		3,156	3,751
Members' funds		29,171	26,015

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2019	Note	2019 \$′000	2018 \$′000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers and sponsors		92,274	83,127
Payments to suppliers and employees		(68,988)	(75,392)
Net cash flows from operating activities	7(b)	23,286	7,735
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		147	71
Distribution received		1,732	1,016
Franking credits received		73	77
Sale of other financial assets		9,000	5,500
Purchase of other financial assets		(14,732)	(1,016)
Payment for plant and equipment		(14,719)	(4,695)
Payment for intangible assets		(2,973)	(3,587)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(21,472)	(2,634)
Not increase in each and each equivalents		1.814	5,101
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		, -	,
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held		14,968 64	9,854 13
-			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	7(a)	16,846	14,968

1. Corporate Information

The financial report of the not for profit company Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD) for the year ended 30 June 2019 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 29 August 2019.

The Australian Institute of Company Directors is a company limited by guarantee incorporated in Australia and by licence ("ASIC Licence") that was in force immediately before 1 July 1998 and is allowed to omit "Limited" from its name.

The AICD is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

2. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial report is a general-purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASB's) (including Australian interpretations) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act* 2012.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial report has also been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for Financial Assets, which have been measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars which is the AICD's functional currency.

(d) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements are described in Note 12 – Other Provisions, in relation to property "make-good" provisions.

(e) Future accounting developments

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2019, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. Those which may be relevant to the company are set out below. The AICD does not plan to adopt these standards early. AASB 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' introduces a single model for the recognition of revenue based upon the achievement of performance obligations. The AICD has assessed the potential impact on its financial statements resulting from the application of AASB 15. A review of contracts with members and customers confirmed the current revenue recognition approach is consistent with AICD's performance obligations in the contracts. Based on the contract review and current product and service offering, the impact on AICD financial statements has been determined to be immaterial. AASB 15 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019, with early adoption permitted. AICD will adopt AASB 15 for the year ended 30 June 2020.

AASB 16 'Leases' amends the accounting for leases. Lessees will be required to bring all leases on balance sheet as the distinction between operating and finance leases has been eliminated. Lessor accounting remains largely unchanged. AASB 16 is not mandatory until 1 July 2019 for the AICD. On a high level basis on the date of adoption, the expected present value of the future minimum lease payments for non-cancellable operating leases as noted in Note 14 would be recognised as a financial liability of approximately \$47.6m in the statement of financial position. The AICD intends to adopt the modified retrospective transition approach with its practical expedients. The expected value of the Right-of-Use asset recognised in the statement of financial position on the date of adoption will be approximately \$33.7m. AICD will adopt AASB 16 for the year ended 30 June 2020.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Income tax

Section 50 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 provides that certain institutions will be exempt from income tax. The AICD falls specifically under Section 50-B of the Act.

(b) Other taxes

(i) GST

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

GST exemption on public education courses was approved by Private Ruling on the 13 July 2007.

GST exemption on public events was applied from 1 January 2009 pursuant to *section 38-250 Goods and Services Tax Act 1999. (ii) Payroll tax*

The AICD is exempt from payroll tax in Queensland, New South Wales and Tasmania.

Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2019 *Notes to the Financial Statements*

(c) Going concern

Current liabilities exceed current assets due to deferred revenue for education, events and membership. These are classified as current liabilities under deferred revenue. These amounts represent a liability for services not yet performed as distinct from a liability for unpaid amounts.

There is a national policy applied uniformly across each state governing the refund of any education and event. Membership fees are not refunded. Management believes the accountability

4. Operating Revenue

surrounding the application of the policy, specifically refunds, is such that any future financial obligation is mitigated.

The consistent achievement of positive operating cash flows is representative of solid operating performance and the ability to pay debts as and when they fall due.

	2019	2018
	\$′000	\$′000
cation	53,695	47,671
rents and Conferences	4,841	4,086
embership	25,181	23,113
blishing	1,047	799
vernment grants	732	524
er income	60	61
	85,556	76,254

(a) Accounting policy for revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the AICD and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

(i) Education and Events

Revenue from Education and Event activities is recognised when the course or function is held. Where an event is held over a period of time, the revenue is recognised as the service is provided over the timeframe that the event is held.

(ii) Membership

Annual membership subscriptions are recognised as revenue pro rata over the period of the membership. The date of payment of the initial annual membership subscription becomes the renewal date. Subscriptions are not refundable.

Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2019

Notes to the Financial Statements

	2019	2018
	\$′000	\$′000
(a) Employee benefits expenses:		
Salary and wages	28,614	28,051
Superannuation	2,813	2,773
Short term incentive	3,491	730
Long service leave	447	181
Annual leave	435	131
	35,800	31,866
(b) Employee benefits provisions:		
Current provisions:		
Short term incentive	3,512	710
Annual leave	1,775	1,706
Long service leave	1,178	953
	6,465	3,369
Non-current provisions:		
Long service leave	463	308
	463	308

Note for the current and prior financial year:

Provisions for Annual Leave and Performance Remuneration have been reclassified from 'Trade and other payables (Current)' to 'Employee benefits provisions (Current)'

(c) Accounting policy for employee leave benefits

Wages, salaries, annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised as employee benefits liability in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date on an undiscounted basis. They are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method.

Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on Milliman corporate discount rates with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. Finance income and finance costs

	2019	2018
	\$′000	\$′000
Finance income		
Interest	147	71
Distribution	1,732	1,016
Franking credits	73	77
Fair value movements of financial assets held at fair value	730	1,284
Foreign exchange gain	64	13
	2,746	2,461
Finance costs		
Finance costs	-	-
	_	-
Net finance income recognised in surplus	2,746	2,461

(a) Accounting policy for financial income and costs

Financial income includes distribution, interest and other financial income. Distribution income is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, when the AICD's right to receive payment is established. Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, as it accrues in the surplus or deficit, using the effective interest rate method. Other financial income includes changes in the fair value of financial assets held at fair value. These are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as incurred.

7. Cash and cash equivalents

2019	2018
\$'000	\$'000

(a) Reconciliation to cash flow statement

Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following at 30 June:

	16,846	14,968
Secured term deposit	7,000	5,658
Cash at bank and on hand	9,846	9,310

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

Secured term deposit is a fixed term bank deposit with a term ranging from one month and three months that is used as security for the leased properties bank guarantee facility, merchant forward delivery facility and corporate credit card facility.

Note for the current and prior financial year:

Amounts outstanding on credit cards have been reclassified from 'Cash and cash equivalents' to 'Trade and other payables (Current)'

Notes to the Financial Statements

7. Cash and cash equivalents (continued)	2010	
	2019	2018
	\$′000	\$′000
b) Reconciliation of net surplus to net cash flows from operations		
Net income	3,156	3,751
Adjustments for:		
Fair value movements of financial assets held at fair value	(730)	(1,284)
Depreciation/amortisation of non-current assets	5,986	4,761
Impairment charge on asset	603	-
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment	48	24
Interest received	(147)	(71)
Distribution received	(1,732)	(1,016)
Franking credits received	(73)	(77)
Foreign exchange gain	(64)	(13)
Net cash provided by operating activities before changes in net assets and liabilities	7,047	6,075
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/Decrease in:		
Trade and other receivables	527	152
Prepayments	(217)	(573)
Changes in provisions:		
Provision for employee benefits	3,251	(505)
Property make-good provision	1,027	526
Increase in:		
Trade and other payables	10,660	(1,087)
Deferred revenue	991	3,147
Net cash from operating activities	23,286	7,735

The AICD has bank guarantees in respect of leased properties to the amount of \$6,813,502 (2018: \$5,640,263) at year-end. The bank guarantees are secured through the use of the secured term deposit which restricts the use of this facility.

The AICD's exposure to interest rate risk and a sensitivity analysis for financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in Note 17.

(c) Accounting policy for cash and cash equivalents

Cash and secured term deposits in the Statement of Financial Position comprise cash at bank and in hand and secured term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

For the purposes of the Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

Note for the current and prior financial year:

Provisions for Annual Leave and Performance Remuneration have been reclassified from 'Trade and other payables (Current)' to 'Employee benefits provisions (Current)' to accurately reflect benefits due to employees, being Annual Leave, Performance Remuneration and Long Service Leave.

Notes to the Financial Statements

8. Trade and other receivables

	2019 \$′000	2018 \$′000
		<i> </i>
Current		
Trade receivables	1,767	2,250
Less allowance for doubtful debts	(44)	(59)
	1,723	2,191
Other receivables	481	424
Accrued income	31	147
	2,235	2,762
(a) Past due but not impaired		
Not past due or impaired	882	1,345
30 to 60 days	453	582
61 to 90 days	176	195
Over 90 days	256	128
Total trade receivables	1,767	2,250

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 day terms. An allowance for doubtful debts is made when there is objective evidence that a trade receivable is impaired.

(b) Bad and doubtful debts expense

Bad and doubtful debts expense	44	59

(c) Accounting policy for trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for any uncollectable amounts. Receivable balances for courses and events are not considered collectible until after the course or event has occurred.

An allowance for doubtful debts is made when there is objective evidence that the AICD will not be able to collect the debts. Bad debts are written off when identified.

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a customer fails to meet their contractual obligations, and arises principally from the AICD's receivables from customers. The AICD's Membership, Events and Conferences, Sponsorship and Education courses are paid in advance and therefore mitigate the exposure to credit risk. Receivable balances for courses and events are not considered collectible until after the course or event has occurred.

Receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that exposure to bad debts is minimal. The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities as shown on the face of the Statement of Financial Position represents the maximum credit risk to which the AICD is exposed.

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. Plant and equipment

	Plant and equipment \$′000	Leasehold improvements \$′000	Total \$'000
Year ended 30 June 2019			
At 1 July 2018, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	2,484	6,010	8,494
Additions	2,661	12,058	14,719
Disposals	(48)	-	(48)
Depreciation charge for the year	(1,152)	(2,645)	(3,797)
At 30 June 2019, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	3,945	15,424	19,369
At 30 June 2019			
Cost	7,612	19,570	27,182
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(3,667)	(4,146)	(7,813)
Net carrying amount	3,945	15,424	19,369
Year ended 30 June 2018			
At 1 July 2017, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	2,373	4,427	6,800
Additions	1,204	3,491	4,695
Disposals	(24)	-	(24)
Depreciation charge for the year	(1,069)	(1,908)	(2,977)
At 30 June 2018, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	2,484	6,010	8,494
At 30 June 2018			
Cost	6,247	11,973	18,220
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(3,763)	(5,963)	(9,726)
Net carrying amount	2,484	6,010	8,494

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. Plant and equipment (continued)

(a) Accounting policy for plant and equipment

Items of plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

	Life	Method
Office plant and equipment	2-6 years	Straight Line
Leasehold improvements	4-10 years	Straight Line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and amortisation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end.

Derecognition and disposal

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the AICD.

10. Intangible assets

	Development costs (website) \$′000	Software \$'000	Total \$'000
Year ended 30 June 2019			
At 1 July 2018, net of accumulated amortisation and impairment	2,545	3,323	5,868
Additions	510	2,463	2,973
Impairment charge	(603)	-	(603)
Amortisation charge for the year	(892)	(1,297)	(2,189)
At 30 June 2019, net of accumulated amortisation and impairment	1,560	4,489	6,049
At 30 June 2019			
Cost (gross carrying amount)	5,202	12,991	18,193
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(3,642)	(8,502)	(11,541)
Net carrying amount	1,560	4,489	6,049

Notes to the Financial Statements

10. Intangible assets (continued)

	Development costs (website) \$′000	Software \$'000	Total \$′000
Year ended 30 June 2018			
At 1 July 2017, net of accumulated amortisation and impairment	1,344	2,721	4,065
Additions	1,757	1,830	3,587
Amortisation charge for the year	(556)	(1,228)	(1,784)
At 30 June 2018, net of accumulated amortisation and impairment	2,545	3,323	5,868
At 30 June 2018			
Cost (gross carrying amount)	4,692	10,528	15,220
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(2,147)	(7,205)	(9,352)
Net carrying amount	2,545	3,323	5,868

The impairment charge was included in 'Administration' expense.

(a) Accounting policy for intangible assets

Intangible assets consist of development activities and those intangible assets acquired by the AICD. Those acquired are initially measured at cost.

Expenditure on research activities for website and software related projects is not capitalised and is charged against the profit or loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any ongoing accumulated impairment losses.

Development activities involve a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products or processes. Development expenditure is capitalised only if development costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the AICD intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and use or sell the asset. The expenditure capitalised includes professional service fees, direct labour and licence fees that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

The useful life of the website and software intangible assets has been assessed to be finite. The website and software is amortised over the useful life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for the website and software intangible asset are reviewed at least at each financial year-end. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, which is a change in accounting estimate. The amortisation expense is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as an amortised expenditure.

A summary of the policies applied to the AICD's intangible assets is as follows:

	Development costs – website	Development costs – software
Useful life	Finite (2018: Finite)	Finite (2018: Finite)
Amortisation method used	Amortised over the period of expected future sales (as recorded through the website) on a straight- line basis (2 to 5 years).	Amortised over the period of expected time in which the software will be upgraded (2 to 5 years) on a straight-line basis.
Impairment testing	Is conducted annually, with the volume of sales activity used as a measure of useful life. The amortisation method is reviewed at each financial year-end.	Is conducted annually, with the upgrade of software as a measure of useful life. The amortisation method is reviewed at each financial year-end.

Notes to the Financial Statements

10. Intangible assets (continued)

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the surplus or deficit when the asset is derecognised.

Impairment

Non-financial assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Non-financial assets that suffered impairment are tested for possible reversal of the impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the impairment may have been reversed.

11. Financial assets

(a) Measurement of fair values

A number of the AICD's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. When measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the AICD uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$′000	Total \$'000
	\$ 000		φ 000	φ 000
Year ended 30 June 2019				
Current assets:				
Financial assets	-	-	-	-
Non-current assets:				
Financial assets	-	35,241	-	35,241
Total	-	35,241	-	35,241
Year ended 30 June 2018				
Current assets:				
Financial assets	-	-	-	-
Non-current assets:				
Financial assets	-	28,779	-	28,779
Total	-	28,779	-	28,779

The Financial assets classified as non-current assets are part of a medium to long-term strategic investment fund. As the intent is to hold these assets for strategic wealth creation purposes for a period greater than 12 months, they have been classified as non-current. Although non-current in nature, the financial assets can be converted into cash within 10 days' notice.

Notes to the Financial Statements

11. Financial assets (continued)

(b) Accounting policy for financial assets

Recognition

Financial instruments are designated at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with the AICD documented investment strategy. Upon initial recognition, directly attributable transaction costs are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income when incurred. Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein, including any interest or distribution income, are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- (i) the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- (ii) The AICD retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; or
- (iii) The AICD has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Statement of Financial Position when, and only when, the AICD has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Notes to the Financial Statements

	Make good provision \$'000	Total \$'000
Year ended 30 June 2019		
At 1 July 2018	1,843	1,843
Provided	2,998	2,998
Utilised	(1,971)	(1,971)
Discount rate adjustment	-	-
At 30 June 2019	2,870	2,870
Current	-	-
Non-current	2,870	2,870
	2,870	2,870
Year ended 30 June 2018		
At 1 July 2017	1,316	1,316
Provided	1,508	1,508
Utilised	(1,050)	(1,050)
Discount rate adjustment	69	69
At 30 June 2018	1,843	1,843
Current	898	898
Non-current	945	945
	1,843	1,843

(a) Accounting policy for provisions

Provisions are recognised when the AICD has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a borrowing cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements

13. Deferred revenue

	2019	2018
	\$′000	\$′000
Current		
Courses and events	10,590	10,436
Membership	13,122	12,352
Sponsorship and publications	813	746
	24,525	23,534

Refer to Note 4 for details on AICD's revenue recognition policy.

14. Operating leases

	2019 \$′000	2018 \$′000
(a) Commitments under non-cancellable operating leases		
Not later than 1 year	8,889	7,004
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	31,613	31,385
Later than 5 years	15,232	22,016
	55,734	60,405

Operating leases are in respect of office premises in: Sydney, Melbourne, Brisbane, Adelaide, Perth, Hobart and Canberra; and equipment rental (office equipment). Operating leases for premises are for fixed periods with generally fixed rental payments and have fixed escalation clauses. There are no restrictions placed on the lessee by entering into these leases. The weighted average interest rate implicit in the leases is 4% (2018: 4%).

(b) Operating leases expenditure

Finance costs relating to lease accounting	-	69
Lease payments and other expenses included in administrative expenses: Operating lease rental expense	7,485	5,971

(c) Accounting policy for leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as an integral part of the total lease expense.

Notes to the Financial Statements

15. Remuneration of auditors

KPMG is the external auditor of the company. The amounts below were paid during the year or remain payable to KPMG.

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Audit of the financial report Audit related services	75,000	69,800
Total audit related services	75,000	69,800
Non-audit services	30,426	73,556
KPMG affiliated entities* Digital Indigenous Cultural Competency Training	59,345	-

The AICD received revenue from sponsorship of events from KPMG of \$127,750 (2018: \$127,250). The directors are satisfied that the receipt of sponsorship is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors and auditor independence requirements imposed by the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act 2012.

* Amounts disclosed relate to payments made to Arrilla, a Partnership with KPMG, to deliver indigenous services.

Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2019 *Notes to the Financial Statements*

16. Related party disclosures

(a) Key management personnel

(i) Directors

Director	Title	Appointed/Retired
Ms Elizabeth Proust AO FAICD	Chairman	Appointed 10 December 2015
	National Director	Appointed 4 March 2014 (First Term)
		Appointed 4 March 2017 (Second Term)
		Retired 29 November 2018
Mr Gene Tilbrook FAICD	Division Director, WA	Appointed 2 July 2013 (First Term)
		Appointed 2 July 2016 (Second Term)
	Deputy Chair	Retired 2 July 2019
		Appointed 6 April 2016
		Retired 2 July 2019
Mr John Atkin FAICD	Chair National Director	Appointed 29 November 2018
Mr David Bayes FAICD	Division Director and President, VIC	Appointed 7 November 2014 (First Term)
		Appointed 7 November 2017 (Second Term)
Mr Michael Coleman FAICD	Division Director, NSW	Appointed 6 November 2015 (First Term)
		Appointed 6 November 2018 (Second Term)
Ms Naomi Edwards FAICD	Division Director, TAS	Appointed 30 August 2018
Ms Kathy Gramp FAICD	Division Director, SA and NT	Appointed 22 December 2015 (First Term)
5 1		Appointed 22 December 2018 (Second Term)
Ms Tracey Horton AO FAICD	National Director	Appointed 10 June 2016 (First Term)
,		Appointed 10 June 2019 (Second Term)
Mr Derek La Ferla FAICD	Division Director, WA	Appointed 8 July 2019
Dr Sally Pitkin FAICD	Division Director, QLD	Appointed 7 November 2014 (First Term)
		Appointed 7 November 2017 (Second Term)
Mr Roderick Roberts FAICD	Division Director and President, TAS	Appointed 7 November 2013 (First Term)
		Appointed 7 November 2016 (Second Term)
		Retired 29 August 2018
Ms Nicola Wakefield Evans FAICD	National Director	Appointed 22 November 2016
Ms Liesel Wett FAICD	Division Director, ACT	Appointed 6 November 2015 (First Term)
	···· , ·	Appointed 6 November 2018 (Second Term)
Mr Kee Wong FAICD	National Director	Appointed 28 June 2016 (First Term)
- 0 -		Appointed 28 June 2019 (Second Term)
Mr Angus Armour FAICD	Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer	Appointed 5 October 2017

Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2019 *Notes to the Financial Statements*

16. Related party disclosures (continued)

(ii) Executives

Executive	Title
Mr Antonio Checchia MAICD	Acting Chief Financial Officer, General Manager, Corporate Services (appointed 16 August 2018)
Mr Marcel Mol GAICD	General Manager, Education
Ms Louise Petschler GAICD	General Manager, Advocacy
Ms Sally Leake GAICD	Acting General Manager, Members & Directors (appointed 1 September 2018 until 26 May 2019)
Mr David Lumb GAICD	General Manager, Members & Directors (resigned 31 August 2018)
Ms Michelle Wood MAICD	General Manager, Marketing & Communications (resigned 24 August 2018)
Mr Ben Ryan MAICD	General Manager, Marketing & Communications (appointed 27 August 2018)
Mr Bodo Mann GAICD	Group Executive, Advisory (until 30 June 2019)
Ms Luisa Pastrello MAICD	General Manager, Members & Clients (appointed 27 May 2019)

(b) Compensation of key management personnel

The AICD recognises and rewards performance and behaviour that support our core values and strategic themes. The AICD values employee contribution through our remuneration and benefits philosophy. The philosophy is based on five principles:

- Share information of business achievements and financials to show how people can make a difference;
- · Reward results with variable pay to motivate top performing team members;
- Create a positive experience through our reward mechanisms;
- Align our rewards with business goals to create a winning partnership; and
- Provide a competitive fixed remuneration structure.

Rewards and benefits are made up of base salary and a variable pay component.

KMP are those in permanent executive positions and having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the AICD. Those employees covering executive leave absences are not included as they do not meet the definition of KMP.

(i) Human Resources and Remuneration Committee of the Board

The Human Resources and Remuneration Committee ("the Committee") is responsible for reviewing compensation arrangements for the CEO and all other key management personnel and making recommendations to the Board.

The Committee assesses the appropriateness of the nature and amount of compensation of key management personnel on a periodic basis by reference to relevant employment market conditions and information.

(ii) Director Compensation

The non-executive directors of the AICD are appointed on an honorary basis and as a result do not receive any remuneration either directly or indirectly in their capacity as a director of the company or any related party. Non-executive directors are reimbursed for travel and accommodation expenses incurred for performing their duties as a director. The MD & CEO was appointed by the Board as an executive director and was remunerated as an employee of the AICD.

Transactions with directors and their related parties have been under the AICD's normal terms and conditions of trading, the exception being the provision of discounts on education courses.

The AICD is committed to providing an avenue for its non-executive directors to undertake AICD education courses whilst engaged with the AICD. The AICD provides a 50% discount on the cost of all AICD education courses to the non-executive directors of AICD, capped at two course discounts in every calendar year. All appointees to the AICD Board are offered the opportunity to undertake one of either the Company Directors Course, the International Company Directors Course or the Boardroom Mastery course. Should a non-executive director choose to undertake one of these courses, the cost of the chosen course will be waived. The non-executive director is entitled to only one waiver during their appointment to the AICD Board.

Notes to the Financial Statements

16. Related party disclosures (continued)

No other transactions with related parties have occurred during the financial year.

(iii) Executive Compensation

Fixed Compensation

The AICD aims to reward executives in accordance with their position, responsibilities and relativity to market.

Variable Compensation

The AICD has in place a Short Term Incentive scheme for its staff. Executives are rewarded from this scheme. A short term incentive is paid subject to AICD achieving a prescribed benchmark and is distributed based on individual performance outcomes. These key performance outcomes are linked to the strategic goals of the AICD.

Compensation of key management personnel

	2019 \$′000	2018 \$′000
Compensation by category		
Short-term employee benefits ⁽¹⁾	3,421	2,619
Post-employment benefits ⁽²⁾	156	135
Other long-term employee benefits ⁽³⁾	332	211
Termination benefits	395	216
	4,303	3,181

Short-term employee benefits are fixed compensation, variable compensation and all other short term payments

Post-employment benefits are superannuation contributions (3)

Other long-term employee benefits are leave entitlements

Included in the above compensation is the amount paid to the MD & CEO of \$697,200 inclusive of fixed compensation, variable compensation and superannuation.

The AICD has a Short Term incentive scheme available to all qualifying staff and each year it is subject to the achievement of a prescribed benchmark. The program potentially rewards key management personnel and staff for their achievements against Objectives and Key Results (OKRs). The OKRs are both financial and non-financial outcomes linked to the performance of the AICD in delivering its mission.

The number of Executives, excluding the MD & CEO as at June 30, 2019 whose remuneration falls within the following bands is:

	2019	2018
\$0 - \$49,999	1	-
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1	-
\$200,000 - \$250,000	1	-
\$300,000 - \$349,999	-	1
\$400,000 - \$449,999	2	-
\$450,000 - \$499,999	1	4
\$500,000 - \$549,999	1	-
\$550,000 - \$599,999	1	1
\$700,000 - \$749,999	-	-
\$800,000 - \$849,999	1	-

The 2019 financial year included four executive positions filled by different individuals during the reporting period; the total number of executive positions at the end of the year declined from the previous year.

Compensation of executives comprises amounts paid or payable to executive officers domiciled in Australia, directly or indirectly, by the AICD or any related party in connection with the management of the affairs of the entity, whether as executive officers or otherwise.

The number of Directors during the year, excluding the MD & CEO, was 13 and their total remuneration was \$nil (2018 - \$nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements

17. Financial Risk Management

(a) Risk management, objectives and policies

The AICD's principal financial instrument is in the Mercer Moderate Growth Fund, a diversified unit trust comprising a mix of growth and defensive assets. The AICD has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the AICD's financial instruments are credit risk, market risk and currency risk. The AICD has no borrowings and as such there are no exposures to cash flow interest rate risk and liquidity risk. Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 11 to the financial statements.

(b) Investment policy

The AICD has an investment policy which sets out the investment goals and objectives of the portfolio. The intended use of the portfolio is to:

- Help manage business risk, including reserves for working capital and uninsured risks; and
- Build sustainable wealth to support the delivery of expanded services to members and other stakeholders.

The investment objective is to return CPI + 3% over a four year time horizon and the risk profile is considered to be medium. The mix of defensive assets (fixed interest and cash) is between 30% - 60% and the mix of growth assets (including Australian and International shares, property and infrastructure) is between 40% - 70%.

(c) Market risk

Changes in unit prices for investments held in unit funds will affect income and the value of its holdings.

A 1% change in unit prices at reporting date would have increased/decreased the surplus and investments by an estimated \$352,410.

(d) Liquidity and interest risk

	1 year or less \$'000	1 – 2 years \$'000	2 – 5 years \$'000	Non- interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000	Weighted average effective interest rate %
Year ended 30 June 2019			-	-		
Financial assets						
Fixed rate						
Fixed Term Deposit	7,000	-	-	-	7,000	2.30%
Floating rate						
Cash and cash equivalents	9,846	-	-	-	9,846	0.10%
Unit funds	-	-	-	35,241	35,241	
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	2,235	2,235	
	16,846	-	-	37,476	54,322	
Financial liabilities Floating rate						
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	7,839	7,839	
Subscriptions and fees in advance	_	-	-	24,525	24,525	
	_	-	-	32,364	32,364	

Notes to the Financial Statements

17. Financial Risk Management (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2018	1 year or less \$'000	1 – 2 years \$'000	2 – 5 years \$'000	Non- interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000	Weighted average effective interest rate %
Financial assets						
Fixed rate						
Fixed Term Deposit	5,658	-	-	-	5,658	2.17%
Floating rate						
Cash and cash equivalents	9,310	-	-	-	9,310	0.50%
Unit funds	-	-	-	28,779	28,779	
Trade and other receivables	_	-	-	2,762	2,762	
	14,968	-	-	31,541	46,509	
Financial liabilities						
Floating rate						
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	4,620	4,620	
Subscriptions and fees in advance	-	-	-	23,534	23,534	
	_	-	-	28,154	28,154	

Note for the current and prior financial year:

Credit Cards have been reclassified from 'Cash and cash equivalents' to 'Trade and other payables (Current)'; and

Provisions for Annual Leave and Performance Remuneration have been reclassified from 'Trade and other payables (Current)' to 'Employee benefits provisions (Current)'

Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Australian Institute of Company Directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes that are set out on pages 12 to 34 are in accordance with the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Act 2012, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view in all material respects of the AICD's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards and the Australian Charities and Not-for-Profits Commission Regulation 2013; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the AICD will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The directors draw attention to Note 2(a) to the financial statements, which includes a statement of compliance with Australian Accounting Standards.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Atkin FAICD Johr Chair Sydney 29 ugust 2019

Angus Armour FAICD Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer



Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of Australian Institute of Company Directors

Opinion

We have audited the *Financial Report*, of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (the Company).

In our opinion the accompanying *Financial Report* of the Company is in accordance with Division 60 of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission (ACNC) Act 2012,* including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2019, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- complying with Australian Accounting Standards and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

The Financial Report comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019;
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- Notes including a summary of significant accounting policies; and
- Directors' declaration.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *ACNC Act 2012* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.



Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Report of the current period.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue recognition (\$85,556,000) Refer to Note 4 to the Financial Report				
 The Company has three distinct revenue streams, each with distinct recognition requirements. Education and events require that the revenue be recognised once the event or course has been held; Membership requires that the revenue be recognised on a pro rata basis over the period of membership; and Publishing requires that the revenue be recognised once the publication is released. The Company receives payments in advance of when the revenue is able to be recognised, resulting in the recognition of deferred revenue. We focused on this area as a key audit matter due to the quantum of revenue recognised combined with the large volume of transactions. This necessitated significant audit effort across the transactions. 	 Our procedures included: We evaluated the Company's policy for revenue recognition for each stream including deferral of advanced payments in accordance with the accounting standards; We selected a sample of deferred revenue transactions, using statistical sampling software and assessed the accounting treatment of the deferral by comparing to underlying documentation such as invoices detailing the related dates of membership, event or publication, bank statements and against the criteria in the accounting standards; We selected a sample of revenue transactions using statistical sampling software and assessed the accounting the related dates of membership, event or publication, bank statements and against the criteria in the accounting standards; We selected a sample of revenue transactions using statistical sampling software and checked recognition against underlying documentation such as invoices detailing the related dates of membership, event or publication and the Company's revenue recognition policy. 			



Other information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in Australian Institute of Company Director's annual reporting which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors are responsible for the Other Information.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors are responsible for:

- Preparing the Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the ACNC.
- Implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- Assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this Financial Report.



As part of an audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the Audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Report, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Directors of the Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in the auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in the auditor's report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Lithay Fronso

KPMG

Anthony Travers

Partner

Sydney 29 August 2019

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